Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia. These improvements would certainly go far to legitimize the new Administration in the view of the international community but more importantly, in the eyes of the Croatian people. President Mesic's continued efforts on these fronts will show its people that their new government takes seriously the need for honesty and accountability.

As the government wins the support of its people, I am also encouraged by the efforts of the new Administration to get involved with the European community. In such a volatile region, a nation uniting the many groups will be the key to fostering a stable political and economic atmosphere. Part of the victory of democracy in Croatia has been the new spirit of regional harmony that I hope will spread to its neighbors. Peace in the Balkan nations will only come with honest attempts to live with difference, and Croatia will be a leader in the efforts for peace there.

In addition to better conditions in the Balkans, democracy will encourage the involvement of other foreign nations. Just two weeks ago, Croatian President Stipe Mesic met with French President Jacques Chirac to discuss an agreement on stabilization and association, as well as the Croatian entrance to the NATO Partnership for Peace program. The resolution I am supporting today suggests U.S. support for the addition of Croatia in the partnership, and I am happy to inform my colleagues that the nations of NATO have announced that Croatia will become a full member of the Partnership for Peace program today. This is truly a great accomplishment, and it affirms the commitment of all NATO allies to help Croatia in its chosen path.

In addition to my appreciation for the democratic and international progress of the Croatian people, I would also like to take this opportunity to thank the work of the Croatian American Association in bringing this subject to my attention and to the attention of the American people. The Croatian American community has worked tirelessly to create bonds of friendship between our two nations, and I hope that as Croatia becomes more democratic and involved in worldwide political affairs that we, as Americans, will continue to support them.

Mr. President, I hope that this resolution will be an additional bond between two nations that democratic tenets have already joined.

ROLLING THUNDER'S 13TH ANNUAL RIDE FOR FREEDOM

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, today I want to recognize the 13th Annual Rolling Thunder "Ride for Freedom" and highlight the important role Rolling Thunder plays in making sure that our nation's POW/MIAs are honored and never forgotten.

The first time that Rolling Thunder's Ride for Freedom roared and rumbled

its way to the Vietnam Memorial on Memorial Day 1988, 2,400 motorcycles banded together for the ride. Some 5,000 Veterans, their wives, children, and other citizens of all backgrounds gathered near the Vietnam Memorial Wall to honor and remember our nation's POW/MIAs. Since then, Rolling Thunder has grown into an international event that garners national attention and focuses it on remembering our POW/MIAs. In fact, Rolling Thunder has become such a large presence that anyone who happens to be anywhere near our nation's Capital cannot help but notice it. For example, last year's Rolling Thunder run included over 250,000 motorcycles and 400,000 participants. There were people at last year's run from every state in the nation, and many foreign countries including Canada, England, Germany, France, Austria, Holland, South Korea, Australia and New Zealand. Made up of over 40 Chapters throughout the United States, Rolling Thunder is a volunteer, non-profit organization.

I would like to thank the several organizations whose support and efforts have helped make Rolling Thunder possible here in Washington D.C. for the past twelve years: the Virginia Police, Virginia State Police, Maryland Police, D.C. Metropolitan Police, Park Police, Park Services and the Pentagon.

I also want to take this opportunity to highlight some legislation I sponsored and Rolling Thunder supports. Rolling Thunder's input and support has been invaluable to the legislative process.

The first bill I want to mention is S. 484, the Bring Them Home Alive Act of 1999. This legislation would grant asylum in the United States to foreign nationals from key countries who personally deliver a living American POW/MIA from either the Vietnam War or the Korean War to the United States.

A key section of this bill would help spread news of the Bring Them Home Alive Act around the world. This is needed to help make sure that the key foreign nationals who need to hear about this act, hear about it. The bill calls on the International Broadcasting Bureau to use its assets, including WORLDNET Television and its Internet sites, to spread the news. The bill also calls on Voice of America, Radio Free Europe and Radio Free Asia to participate.

If this bill leads to even one long-held POW/MIA being returned home to America alive this effort will be well worth it—10,000 times over. Even though it has been decades since these two wars ended, they have not ended for any Americans who may have been left behind and are still alive or their families and friends. As long as there remains even the slightest possibility that there may be surviving POWs in these regions, we owe it to our Soldiers, Sailors, Airmen and Marines to do everything possible to bring them home alive. This is the least we can do after all they have sacrificed.

Today, I am especially pleased to announce that S. 484 passed the Senate last Wednesday, May 24th. Now we need to get it passed in the House of Representatives and enacted into law.

Rolling Thunder was also helpful in getting another important bill enacted into law, the National POW-MIA Recognition Act, legislation I sponsored in the 105th Congress.

This law requires that the POW-MIA flag be displayed on important national buildings—all across America—on six important days. These days include: Memorial Day, Veterans Day, Independence Day, Armed Forces Day, Flag Day and National POW-MIA Recognition Day.

Rolling Thunder captures the American people's attention—and those elected to represent them—and then brightly focuses our attention on remembrance of, and continuing duty to, our nation's POWs and MIAs.

Thank you, Mr. President. I yield the

H.R. 4489 IMMIGRATION AND NATU-RALIZATION SERVICE DATA MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2000

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I rise today to express my strong support for H.R. 4489, the "Immigration and Naturalization Service Data Management Improvement Act of 2000." Passage of this legislation will repeal Section 110 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 and prevent it from ever being implemented.

Section 110 of the 1996 Immigration law was intended to track individuals who overstay their legally permissible visit in the U.S. However, to accomplish that well-intentioned goal, this law required all foreign travelers or U.S. permanent residents to be individually recorded at ports of entry. In practical effect, the provisions would bring traffic to a halt on the Canadian border for miles.

Those of us who represent states along the Canadian border are wellaware of the close bonds between the U.S. and Canada. The U.S.-Canadian border is the longest continuous open border in the free world and Canadians come into our country freely and easily under current U.S. policy. In Maine, our ties with Canada are particularly deep because many Mainers' extended families live across the border in Canada. Our current border-crossing policy allows these family members to quickly and easily cross the border every day in order to be with a husband, wife, a brother, a sister, cousin or even inlaws as the case may be.

Canada is not only our friend and ally, but our largest trading partner—it is important to maintain and foster our relationship with our neighbor to the North by promoting U.S.-Canadian friendship and trade. The ill-thought out provisions passed as part of the 1996 immigration law would grossly delay